

New York's Design in Honor of Envoys.



Escutcheon symbolizing Britannia and La France, designed by Edwin A. Blashfield, which will be part of the decorative scheme at City Hall when the British and French war commissioners arrive here the latter part of this week. The design will be available for use by citizens as a window decoration.

INDIAN LOAN \$50,000,000.

Subscriptions When Completed Expected to Total \$500,000,000.

LONDON, April 28.—A Simla despatch says subscriptions to India's special war loan exceed ten million pounds sterling (\$50,000,000).

In 1915 India subscribed one million pounds sterling to the British war loan. In January of 1917 the British government arranged the issue of a war loan of unlimited amount in India, to be raised during 1917 and 1918. Chancellor

of the Exchequer Bonar Law later stated in the House of Commons that the amount expected to be raised in India was one hundred million pounds sterling.

Benjamin W. Dodge River's Victim

The body found floating in the East River near Twenty-third street on Friday morning was identified yesterday as that of Benjamin W. Dodge, an author and bibliophile of Harrison, N. J. The identification was made at the morgue yesterday by Max Dreyfus, a brother-in-law of the dead man, of 62 West Forty-fifth street.

GUATEMALA BREAKS OFF WITH GERMANY

Latin America, Except Mexico and Argentina, Solid for Wilson Policy.

BOND GROWING STRONGER

Chile Waits for Chance to Sever Relations With Berlin Government.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Reports received at the State Department from the South and Central American republics are now virtually complete, and show that with the exception of Mexico and Argentina the Latin American governments are solidly endorsing President Wilson's war policy. There is every indication that this endorsement will become daily more pronounced.

With the entry to-day of Guatemala into the list of those who have broken with Germany the United States has been afforded access to coast waters to the south as far as the Panama Canal, with the exception of the waters of Mexico and Honduras. Although Guatemala is the first Central American Government actually to break relations with Germany, Costa Rica has declared her approval of the course taken by the United States and offered use of her territorial waters.

Senor Mendez, the Guatemalan Minister here, received the following despatch from his Foreign Office, which he to-day delivered to the State Department:

"The Government of Guatemala to-day broke off relations with the German Empire, handing passports to Minister Lehmann and cancelling the exequaturs of the German consuls accredited to Guatemala. Advise the American Government."

Official advices of the break, coming

from the American Legation, in Guatemala City, say President Estrada Cabrera assigned as the reason for his act his desire to stand with the United States in the fight for democracy and the preservation of international law.

Minister Mendez issued a statement to-night saying the Guatemalan Government's decision to break relations with Germany against the safety and the independence not only of Guatemala, but of the whole of Central America, and through solidarity with the principles of the rights of peoples, the freedom of the seas and universal justice.

"Guatemala, which has always been a sincere and loyal friend of the United States," the statement continued, "takes pleasure and pride in finding itself identified more than ever with the principles which have been proclaimed by the Government of Washington in the crisis which the world is going through."

Immediately after the American Minister, Dr. William Hayne Leavell, and the legation in Washington were informed as to the attitude of the United States on the submarine warfare without restrictions threatened by the German Imperial Government the Government of Guatemala hastened to declare its position in Washington that understanding the motives which had induced it to take that attitude and the seriousness of the measures taken by the Government against neutral commerce, it was disposed to cooperate with the United States in its exalted ends in favor of the peace of the world.

Text of Formal Protest.

In answering the note of German Minister Lehmann about submarine warfare the Government of Guatemala said to him:

"The Government of Guatemala, after a careful study of the measures taken by the German Imperial Government as to the suspension of commerce with Great Britain, France, Italy and the East, finds that those measures endanger unjustly the lives of the citizens of Guatemala who travel in those countries, and they highly the country's commerce, which has already suffered great losses since the beginning of the war. As this situation is not in agreement with the principles of international law, nor with the impartial conduct of Guatemala during the struggle of the nations of Europe, I have the honor, in the name of the President of Guatemala, to present to the German Imperial Government, through your Excellency, a respectful but formal protest against the measures taken against neutral commerce, at the same time reserving its rights for the injuries that the attitude of the Government of Germany may cause to the persons and interests of the citizens of this republic."

The only counter current to the Latin American movement in support of the United States came from the de facto government of Mexico and from the Government of Argentina. The Mexican situation may be dismissed in a word, as matters there are progressing in line with Carranza's own particular policies.

With respect to Argentina, the situation is unique. Dr. Naon, the Argentine Ambassador here, is far from enthusiastically over the course President Wilson has adopted, but Dr. Arturo Gramajo, former Mayor of Buenos Ayres, who has just arrived in Washington, said to-day that he believes his country strongly pro-Ally and ready if necessary to put an army in the field against Germany.

Buenos Ayres for Entente.

The contrast between the views of Dr. Naon and Dr. Gramajo reflects to a great extent the contrast between the official opinion of the Argentine Government and that of the provinces of Buenos Ayres, which is autonomous. Sentiment in Buenos Ayres is overwhelmingly in favor of the President's war policy and enthusiastic for the Entente cause. The Argentine Government itself is apparently seeking to follow a middle course, involving no responsibility one way or the other.

This is partly due to the fact that the Government now has troubles at home and feels itself on more solid foundations with certain factions, including the factions controlling the Buenos Ayres province.

No one in official or diplomatic circles follows a middle course involving no responsibility one way or the other. The only recent sign was a speech made by Dr. Naon in Chateaufort, where he extolled peace and indicated that his Government's word was opposed to war. This address, coming in the midst of this country's war preparations, sounded a distinctly discordant note, but was not regarded as particularly important.

Latin American opinion is being led by the Governments of Brazil and Chile. Both are staunchly favorable to the United States and against Germany. Brazil has taken a more forward attitude and severed relations with Germany because of overt acts committed by U-boats against the Brazilian interests. Chile as yet has no specific grounds for taking like action, but will accept the first challenge which results from the German U-boats' indiscriminate campaign.

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564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Introducing—new

Mid-Season Fashions

for Spring Weddings—Races
Hunt Meets—Golf—Polo
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and all manner of town or country wear

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BRIDES AND BRIDESMAIDS DRESSES—
TRAVELING SUITS—SILK AND CLOTH
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SUITS—CAPES AND COATS—AFTERNOON
AND EVENING GOWNS—WALKING
DRESSES—DANCING FROCKS—WRAPS—
BLOUSES—IMPORTED BAGS—SWEATERS—
NEW HATS AND SUMMER FURS.

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564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Revised Prices on Many Lines

of High-Class Apparel

Our policy demands a constant change of selection—hence current styles are offered now,—in the heart of the wearing season, at important reductions.

Two Hundred Suits \$35—\$50

Formerly \$55 to \$65 at \$35 Formerly \$65 to \$95 at \$50

Models that will not be re-made—just the sort of suits that hold a prominent place in every woman's wardrobe—a readjustment of regular lines present these splendid values, now.

Also a Group of Higher-cost Suits—formerly \$110 to \$125—at \$75 and \$85

Coats and Capes, \$35—\$50

Formerly \$45 to \$75

A readjustment of the coat stocks—models which will not be re-made—of serges, tricots, twills, Summer velours, tweeds, etc. **Satin Capes** richly lined, at \$75.

Also a Group of Higher-cost Coats at \$65. Formerly selling at \$75, \$85 and \$95

Street and Afternoon Dresses

Formerly \$65 to \$95—at \$45, \$65, \$75

Smartly tailored styles of serge, twill, tricot and jersey—also CHARMING INFORMAL GOWNS of taffeta—satin—crepe charmeuse and Georgette crepe. A readjustment of stocks brings these out of our regular lines.

Dancing Frocks Formerly \$75 to \$125 \$55, \$75

Of dainty silks, satins, chiffons, nets and tulle; in the new Spring shades, many of which are especially adapted for debutantes and "petite women."

Separate Skirts Formerly \$22 and \$25 \$15

Serges, tweeds, wool jerseys and men's-wear worsteds. A clearance of styles that will not be re-made.

Blouses Formerly \$15 to \$25 \$10 and \$15

Silk Sports Blouses—handmade styles of linen, voile and batiste—also Costume and Suit Blouses of Georgette crepe and chiffon; including fashionable tunic effects.

Street Hats—reduced to \$18

More than one hundred early-season models in bow, wing and ribbon effects, for present wear.

Fashionable Dress Hats—\$25

of tulle, lace, leghorn and hair; in veiled effects and beautiful flower trimmed styles.

Summer Furs Reduced—

Wonderful Stoles, Scarfs and Capes of Russian and Hudson Bay Sable—Chinchilla—Kolinsky—Ermine—Mole—Silver Fox—Natural Blue Fox and other fashionable furs—at 20% Reduction—affording an opportunity to purchase furs for present wear—or to practice true economy in anticipating requirements for next Autumn.

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second Street

(Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues)

West Forty-third Street

Beginning Monday, on the Main Floor,

The May Sale of Seasonable Nainsook Underwear

Offers several large and advantageous purchases of well-made and perfect fitting Undergarments in most effective models, at considerably less than regular prices.

Gowns, - - -	at 89c, 1.00, 1.25 to 2.95	Combinations, -	at 95c, 1.38, 1.75 to 2.65
Envelope Chemises, -	83c, 98c, 1.29 to 2.75	Plain Chemises, -	60c, 75c, 95c to 1.50
Petticoats, - - -	85c, 95c, 1.35 to 2.90	Corset Covers, -	48c, 72c, 90c to 1.45
Drawers, at	50c, 72c, 85c, 1.00 to 1.65		

Also Crepe de Chine Underwear, Low Priced

Women's Night Gowns,
regularly \$4.50 and 5.95,
at \$3.50 and 4.50

Women's Underbodies,
Regularly \$1.00, at 88c

Women's Envelope Chemises,
regularly \$2.50 and 3.25,
at \$1.95 and 2.75

Imported and Domestic Silks

A Clearance Sale, Second Floor, of

Suitable Textures for Spring and Summer
in a wide range of the wanted colorings and designs,

at \$1.25 to 2.95

Formerly \$2.00 to 4.75 a yard

Also extremely good values for To-morrow in

Superior Crepe de Chine

39 ins. wide, in street and evening shades; also white and black,

at \$1.10 yd.

Distinctive Summer Furs

Are assembled on the Third Floor
in a charming assortment of

Coatees, Capes, Stoles and Scarfs

Including Sables, Ermine, Moleskin, Kolinsky and Natural and Dyed Squirrel, Hudson Seal (Dyed Muskrat), White and Dyed Foxes.

Ermine Scarfs, Stoles and Capes...	from \$85.00 to 185.00
Moleskin Scarfs, Stoles and Capes...	\$45.00 to 245.00
Kolinsky Scarfs, Stoles and Capes...	\$75.00 to 245.00
Hudson Seal Scarfs, Stoles & Capes	\$29.50 to 145.00
White Fox Scarfs	from \$45.00 to 65.00
Poirot Kamchatka and Taupe Fox Scarfs	\$24.50 to 65.00

In the Upholstery Sections

An Interesting Collection of Summer Furnishings
will be placed on sale To-morrow and Tuesday:

Scrim Curtains at \$1.50, 2.00 and 2.65

Lace-trimmed and hemstitched; formerly \$1.95 to 3.50

Bordered Marquisette and Scrim for Curtains, at 19c
Formerly sold at 25c a yard

Cretonne Shirtwaist Boxes

with slipper pockets;
regular price \$3.90,
at \$2.95

Real Japanese Screens

four panels; varied colors;
regularly sold at \$5.95,
at \$3.95

Complete Spring line of Cedar Chests, Garden Baskets, Fast Prints in Covers, Spreads, Scarfs and Cushion Tops; Fillet Lace models in Tidies and Scarfs, pinned up for home sewing.

Rugs for Summer Use

A full assortment of the latest
effects, at very low prices Monday

Special Values in the popular 9x12 ft. size

Japanese Braided Oval Homespun Rag Rugs in
Rush Rugs; reg. \$19.75, plain colors; reg. \$12.25,
at \$15.75 at \$10.50

Smyrna Rugs

Reversible; self toned; mottled,
at \$22.50

Wilton Rugs

Oriental patterns; reg. up to \$75.00
at \$49.50

Wool Art Rugs in artistic combinations, at \$19.75 to 39.75
Grass Rugs in pleasing designs, at \$8.75

A large selection of Oriental Rugs at attractive prices

COMMITTEE ADOPTS
OFFICIAL N. Y. BADGE

Design Will Be Worn by Citizens Who Will Welcome War Envoys.

REPRESENTS 3 NATIONS

America, England and France
Symbolized in Decorative Scheme.

The official badge of the committee of citizens appointed by Mayor Mitchell to welcome the distinguished visitors from the three nations who will visit New York the latter part of next week, and which will be worn only by members of the committee and the distinguished guests, was adopted yesterday by the committee and immediately copyrighted.

The badge is in the form of a bow and represents the flags of the three nations—America, England and France—with a liberty cap as the head of the bow. The right of the bow is the Stars and Stripes. On the left is the Union Jack hanging down in the center the tricolor of France.

In explaining the design the committee issued the following statement:

The cap of liberty was first selected as the emblem of democracy by the American republic. Even before 1776 the cap of liberty was used on certain emblems which advocated the independence of the United States. But the official use made of it was on the Great Seal of the United States in 1782. The cap of liberty is the emblem of the United States. It is the emblem of the United States.

It's an American Emblem.

The cap of liberty is therefore essentially an American emblem, although it has been first used in the French revolution. As a matter of fact the cap of liberty was not used in France until the fall of the Bastille, when in the latter part of 1790 it was adopted by the French revolutionists.

The cap of liberty, was the old Phrygian hood worn out of red wool and shaped like an egg with no opening; it was then pushed into the other way to form an opening for the head. The border was slightly turned up and the front part fell over toward the wearer's forehead. It was known to the Romans as the pilleus and was placed on the head of every slave who received his manumission as a token of emancipation and as a sign that he was a free man.

City Will Be Decorated.

Work on the decorations and illuminations, authorized by the Mayor's committee, will start tomorrow morning. Following a meeting of the committee yesterday, the general policy of the decorative scheme was decided upon and every effort will be made by the decorators to stress the fact that the visit of the war commissioners is not a holiday occasion but an affair of the most serious character. The artists will emphasize the deep common purpose between America and the allies, and will elaborate on the definition of the struggle for civilization and human rights.

The prevailing color in the decorative scheme will be a deep dark navy blue, emblem of the freedom of the seas. Paper, etc., used as backgrounds for brilliant masses of banners and festoons, will all be of this color.

Britannia and La France.

One of the motifs to be used in the general decorative scheme will consist of an escutcheon symbolizing Britannia and La France. This has been designed by Edwin A. Blashfield and will be made available for use by the citizens as window decorations.

Another motif of honor will be built into the Public Library. The scheme of decoration here will extend to both sides of Fifth Avenue, between Fortieth and Forty-second streets.

Columbia University and Grant's Tomb will also be effectively decorated. The university will be decorated under the direction of Prof. Horace and Grant's Tomb by Frank C. Jones, assisted by Perry Fry and Julian E. Gurnsey.

The statues of Washington and Lafayette at Union Square will be specially treated, as will the statue of Ferruccio in Madison Square. Plans also include decorations for the Pennsylvania Station.



May White Sale

Starts Tomorrow—and continues throughout May.

An occasion that will result in worth-while savings in personal and household needs—comprising

Muslin Underwear
Blouses
Corsets
Infants' Wear
Household Linens
Sheets and Pillow Cases
White Silks
White Dress Goods

Counters upon counters piled high with snowy white merchandise—qualities such as make this an event of importance.

Second Floor.

May White Sale Booklet mailed on request. Address Dept. A.

ALL CARS TRAVEL TO THE HUNGATE
Bloomington
20th to 60th St., Len. to 34 Ave.